

New York State YMCA Youth And Government

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FOR YOUTH DEVELOPMENT® FOR HEALTHY LIVING FOR SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Committee Assignment: Senate 3 Bill #: S-24

<u>Sponsors:</u> Ryan Penson, James Pinnell

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AN ACT TO: Add to § 137 of Article 6 of the Correction Law to prohibit all persons under the age of 18 from being admitted to any solitary Special Housing Unit, Segregated Housing (Including PIMS), or Juvenile Separation Unit and to prohibit any person admitted to any solitary Special Housing Unit or Segregated Housing (Including PIMS) from remaining for longer than 1 year.

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The People of the State of New York, represented in the Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

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Purpose:

- To decrease the number of post-solitary confinement suicides and mental disease, and abolish the inhumane practice of solitary confinement for minors.
 - **Summary of Provisions:**
- 15 <u>Section 1: Definitions</u>
- 16 Minor: Any person under the age of 18 years. Includes the term "juvenile", even if
- 17 <u>a person under the age of 18 was charged for a crime as an adult.</u>
- 18 Special Housing Unit: Inmates are securely separated from the general inmate
- 19 population and may be housed alone under disciplinary or safety measures. Social
- 20 <u>interaction and exercise is limited. Includes the term "Segregated Housing".</u>
- 21 PIMS: Abbreviation for Progressive Inmate Movement System.
- 22 <u>Solitary: 1 individual inmate housed in a cell with no interaction with other inmates</u>
- 23 <u>or visitors during their time.</u>

Section 2: Provisions

- 5.(a) Inmates participating in any solitary confinement, Special Housing Unit, or PIMS program may not be admitted into a solitary housing unit if they are under the age of 18 years, even if the juvenile inmate was charged, and is serving, as an adult.
- (b) No inmate may remain in any solitary Special Housing Unit or solitary disciplinary Special Housing Unit for longer than 1 year from the day the inmate was placed into the Special Housing Unit. Only the Commissioner may warrant repeated admission to a Special Housing Unit in an appropriate circumstance.
- (c) No inmate in the care or custody of the department shall be subjected to degrading treatment, and no officer or other employee of the department shall inflict any blows whatever upon any inmate, unless in self-defense, or to suppress a revolt or insurrection. When any inmate, or group of inmates, shall offer violence to any person, or do or attempt to do any injury to property, or attempt to escape, or resist or disobey any lawful direction, the officers and employees shall use all suitable means to defend themselves, to maintain order, to enforce observation of



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discipline, to secure the persons of the offenders and to prevent any such attempt or escape.

- 6. Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e) of this subdivision, the superintendent of a correctional facility may keep any inmate confined in a cell or room, apart from the accommodations provided for inmates who are participating in programs of the facility, for such period as may be necessary for a period not extending one year from the time the inmate was initially placed into the solitary housing unit, for maintenance of order or discipline. But in any such case the following conditions shall be observed:
- (a) The inmate shall be supplied with a sufficient quantity of wholesome and nutritious food, provided, however, that such food need not be the same as the food supplied to inmates who are participating in programs of the facility;
- (b) Adequate sanitary and other conditions required for the health of the inmate shall be maintained;

Justification:

According to the U.S. Department of Justice and the American Journal of Public Health, "... in the New York City jail system from January 1, 2010, through January 31, 2013, 2182 acts of self-harm were committed, (103 potentially fatal and 7 fatal). Although only 7.3% of jail admissions included any form solitary confinement, 53.3% of acts of self-harm and 45.0% of acts of potentially fatal self-harm occurred within this group. After we controlled for gender, age, race/ethnicity, serious mental illness, and length of stay, we found self-harm to be associated significantly with being in solitary confinement at least once, serious mental illness, being aged 18 years or younger, and being Latino or White, regardless of gender." This shows a correlation between solitary confinement and self-harm. This bill, in the process of reforming these harmful solitary confinement practices, will decrease the amount of post-solitary confinement inmates performing acts of self-harm or even suicide.

Fiscal Implications:

69 This bill will have no fiscal implications.

Effective Date:

71 This bill will go into effect 90 days after passage.