the Yo	LIANCE OF NEW YORK STATE YMCAS DUTH AND GOVERNMENT egislative Bill		# 43 Committee: 1
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V	/WW.YMCANYS.ORG/YAG	Assembly Assembly Passed Defeated	Senate □ Passed □ Defeated

AN ACT TO: Prohibit access to a job candidate's personal information (race, religion, gender, name) until they have been called back for or denied from an in-person interview.

The People of the State of New York, represented in the Senate and Assembly do enact as follows:

6 **Purpose** 7 The purp

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The purpose of my bill is for everyone to have a fair chance of being hired for a job.

9 Summary of Provisions

10 Section 1:

11 Illegalizes looking at a candidate's information until after they are called back for the hire or denied an in-person

12 interview. If companies) are caught doing this they will be fined \$250 per applicant. Companies must delegate to a 13 person that works there at that company the following tasks:

14 - to make sure the information is not looked at (this worker would be the only person to have access to thisinformation)

to keep track of applicant's information through linking it to an application number, which is the only thing that 9
appears on an application when it is viewed by the employer

to share data on their hiring practices and applicants with the New York State government through a file sharing
system

21 Justification

22 Men and women should have an equal chance at being hired. Job seekers could be hired or not hired because of the 23 way they look, their religion, or race. A candidate's personal information should not be given out until they are called 24 back for another interview. This would mean that if this person has the qualities that the potential employer is looking 25 for that they always advance to the next stage of interviews. There has been a recent study that showed children are 26 effecting this as well. If a woman is pregnant they would promote the man with the same qualities because the woman 27 is pregnant. This needs to be done because we live in an unequal society. We need to focus on the persons abilities 28 and not a person's looks, religion, or race. For example, if a man comes in with a suit and glasses and has the same 29 qualities as a woman, a woman could come in with a burka (a long, loose garment covering the whole body from head 30 to feet, worn in public by many Muslim women) because that's what her culture wears. They chose the man because he 31 is dressed a certain way. You see, the way someone is dressed should not impact whether they are hired or not. It's just unfair.

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34 Fiscal Implications

The fiscal implications include companies paying the government if they are fined, and paying the worker(s) that do this. This worker would be paid for every candidate's information that they keep safe. This is good because people are not hired 24/7 in small businesses so the company would not be paying much every year. Big businesses might pay more because more people need to work for them.

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40 Effective Date

41 This bill will go into effect in 2 Years and 2 months.